

## Image Classification Using Multiscale Information Fusion Based on Saliency Driven Nonlinear Diffusion Filtering

### Abstract:

In this paper, we propose saliency driven **image** multiscale nonlinear diffusion filtering. The resulting scale space in general preserves or even enhances semantically important structures such as edges, lines, or flow-like structures in the foreground, and inhibits and smoothes clutter in the background. The **image** is classified using multiscale information fusion based on the original **image**, the **image** at the final scale at which the diffusion **process** converges, and the **image** at a midscale. Our algorithm emphasizes the foreground features, which are important for **image** classification. The background **image** regions, whether considered as contexts of the foreground or noise to the foreground, can be globally handled by fusing information from different scales. Experimental tests of the effectiveness of the multiscale space for the **image** classification are conducted on the following publicly available datasets: 1) the PASCAL 2005 dataset; 2) the Oxford 102 flowers dataset; and 3) the Oxford 17 flowers dataset, with high classification rates.